

Plane Triangle Solution Menu

This menu allows you to resolve a triangle knowing 3 values where, at least one, must be the length of a side. To show the menu, touch the “OPT” key, and in the “1) Scientific:” section, touch the “Plane Triangle” button.

	AAS	ASA	SAS	SSA	SSS
Inputs	[b] [*α] [*β]	[*a] [c] [*β]	[b] [*γ] [a]	[b] [c] [*β]	[b] [c] [a]
Calculated Outputs	[*γ] [c] [a]	[b] [*γ] [a]	[*a] [c] [*β]	[*a] [*γ] [a]	[*a] [*γ] [*β]
[Area]	Calculates the Area of the triangle with the current 'a', 'b' and 'c' values.				
[Perim.]	Calculates the Perimeter of the triangle with the current 'a', 'b' and 'c' values.				

Example: (SSS)

In a triangle ABC, the sides are 6 cm, 10 cm and 14 cm. Show that the triangle is obtuse angled with the obtuse angle equal to 120° .

Solution : (DEG angle mode)

Keystrokes	Description
[SSS]	Set 'SSS' calculation mode.
type 6 [b] type 10 [c] type 14 [a]	Store the 'a' side length. Store the 'b' side length. Store the 'c' side length.
[* α]	Calculates angle 'a'. * $\alpha = 120.00$
[* γ]	Calculates angle 'g'. * $\gamma = 38.21$
[* β]	Calculates angle 'b'. * $\beta = 21.79$

Example: (SAS)

Two sides of a triangle are 5 and 8 units and their included angle is 60° . Solve the triangle and, What is the triangle's area and perimeter?

Solution : (DEG angle mode)

Keystrokes	Description
[SAS]	Set 'SSS' calculation mode.
type 5 [b] type 60 [* γ] type 8 [a]	Store the 'a' side length. Store the 'g' angle. Store the 'b' side length.
[* α]	Calculates angle 'a'. * $\alpha = 81.79$
[c]	Calculates side 'c'. $c = 7.00$
[* β]	Calculates angle 'b'. * $\beta = 38.21$

Keystrokes	Description
[Area]	Calculate the Area. AREA = 17.32
[Perim.]	Calculate the Perimeter. PERIM = 20.00