

# Holding Pattern & From-To Worksheet

The image shows a digital flight calculator interface. It is divided into two main sections: 'From-To' and 'Holding Pattern'. Each section has a 'Clear' button in the top right corner.

**From-To Section:**

- Left side: 'From Radial' with 'From = 150 °'.
- Right side: 'To Vortac' with 'To = 330 °'.

**Holding Pattern Section:**

- 'Turn Direction' is set to 'Right'.
- 'Heading' is set to '155 °'.
- 'Holding Radial' is set to '270 °'.
- 'Inbound Heading' is set to '90 °'.
- 'Type of Entry' is set to 'Direct'.

<b>Clear</b>	Set all variables to a invalid state keeping the current value. If it is touched again, clears all values to 0.
<b>From</b>	Stores or calculate the course from a location.
<b>To</b>	Stores or calculate the course to the location
<b>Turn Direction</b>	Toggles “Right” or “Left” standard turns for the holding pattern.
<b>Heading</b>	Stores the airplane actual heading.
<b>Holding Radial</b>	Stores the radial instructed to hold on.
<b>Inbound Heading</b>	Shows the computed inbound heading.
<b>Type of Entry</b>	Shows the computed entry mode (Direct, Teardrop, or Parallel).

This worksheet gathers two different functions: The From-To function and the Holding Pattern function.

The “From-To” function converts a course from (**From**) a location into the course to (**To**) the same location along the same radial, providing the opposite of any course.

The “Holding Pattern” may be necessary when ATC is unable to clear a flight to its destination. This function will make easy to determine what type of entry is necessary, as well as the inbound heading.

### Example 1:

What is the course TO the VORTAC if you are on the 150° radial?.

Solution:

Keystrokes	Description
[ Clear ]	Invalidate all inputs to start a new calculation.
type 150 [ From ]	Stores 150° in <b>From</b> (the button change to blue) and automatically calculates the course to the station: <b>To = 330°</b> (the button change to red).

### Example 2:

What is the recommended procedure to enter the holding pattern when an airplane is heading 155° and is instructed to hold on the 270° radial, performing standard right turns?.

Solution:

Keystrokes	Description
[ Clear ]	Invalidate all variables.
[ Turn Direction ] “Right”	Set the Turn Direction to “Right”.
type 155 [Heading]	Stores 155° in <b>Heading</b> (the button change to blue).
type 270 [Holding Radial]	Stores 270° in <b>Holding Radial</b> (the button change to blue) and automatically calculates: <b>Inbound Heading = 90°</b> <b>Type of Entry = Direct.</b>

# Appendix : Equations Used

The equations that this worksheet calculates are:

a) From-To:

$$\mathbf{To} = \mathbf{From} + \text{IF}(\mathbf{From} < 180^\circ, 180^\circ, -180^\circ)$$

$$\mathbf{From} = \mathbf{To} + \text{IF}(\mathbf{To} < 180^\circ, 180^\circ, -180^\circ)$$

b) Holding Pattern :

$$\mathbf{Inbound Heading} = \mathbf{Holding} + \text{IF}(\mathbf{Holding} < 180^\circ, 180^\circ, -180^\circ)$$

IF Turn Direction = Right:

$$\text{IF SIN}(\mathbf{Heading} - \mathbf{Holding} + 70^\circ) < 0$$

$$\mathbf{Type\ of\ Entry} = \text{"Direct"}$$

$$\text{ELSE IF COS}(\mathbf{Heading} - \mathbf{Holding} + 50^\circ) < 0$$

$$\mathbf{Type\ of\ Entry} = \text{"Parallel"}$$

ELSE

$$\mathbf{Type\ of\ Entry} = \text{"Teardrop"}$$

ELSE

$$\text{IF SIN}(\mathbf{Heading} - \mathbf{Holding} + 110^\circ) < 0$$

$$\mathbf{Type\ of\ Entry} = \text{"Direct"}$$

$$\text{ELSE IF COS}(\mathbf{Heading} - \mathbf{Holding} + 50^\circ) < 0$$

$$\mathbf{Type\ of\ Entry} = \text{"Teardrop"}$$

ELSE

$$\mathbf{Type\ of\ Entry} = \text{"Parallel"}$$